

Chapter 20

Section 1

Guided Reading Questions

1. What new diplomatic spirit dominated European politics after 1848?
2. What was the first conflict to disrupt the peace of Europe after 1848?
3. Russian threats toward what caused the Crimean War?
4. Why was Napoleon III eager to engage in the Crimean War?
5. What small Italian kingdom helped to defeat the Russians?
6. What were the major results of the Crimean War?

Vocab

Realpolitik
Crimean War
Ottoman Empire

Section 2

Guided Reading Questions

1. How did Louis Napoleon become Napoleon III?
2. How was Napoleon III able to win public support?
3. How did the Maximilian Affair work to weaken the regime of Napoleon III?
4. Why was Mazzini called the Heart of Italian unification?
5. Why was Cavour called the Brain of Italian unification?
6. Why was Garibaldi called the Arm of Italian unification?
7. What constitutional problem brought Bismarck to power in 1862?
9. Bismarck based his political decisions on what belief?
10. Why did Prussia and Austria attack Denmark in 1864?
11. What was the major result of the Austro-Prussian War of 1866?
12. What factors took Prussia into war with France in 1870?
13. What were the major results of the Franco-Prussian War of 1870?
14. How did nationalism weaken Hapsburg control in central and eastern Europe?
15. What was the most beneficial result of the creation of the Dual Monarchy?

Vocab

Louis Napoleon
coup d'état
Napoleon III
Maximilian
Mazzini
Risorgimento
Cavour

Sardinia
Garibaldi
Victor Emmanuel
Wilhelm I
Junkers
Otto von Bismarck
"blood and iron"

Schleswig
Holstein
Austro-Prussian War of 1866
Franco-Prussian War of 1870
Dual Monarchy

Section 3

Guided Reading Questions

1. What nation provided the model for progress and stability after 1870?
2. What law surrendered most of England's political power to the House of Commons?
3. How was the Irish Question settled in 1922?
4. Describe the political structure of the German Empire for the first 20 years of its existence.
6. What was Bismarck's aim in the Kulturkampf?
7. Why was Bismarck retired in 1890?
8. Describe the personality of Kaiser Wilhelm II.
9. In what parts of Europe did liberalism make great strides after 1870?

Vocab

Queen Victoria

Liberals

Conservatives

Gladstone

Disraeli

Parliament Act

the Irish Question

**the potato famine

Reichstag

Bundesrat

Kulturkampf

socialism

Wilhelm II

Section 4

Guided Reading Questions

1. How was eastern Europe different from western at this time?
2. Even after unification, Italy continued to suffer from what?
3. What conditions encouraged Italian emigration in the early 20th century?
4. Why did European nations support the existence of the Ottoman Empire for so long?

Vocab

the "sick man of Europe"

the Balkans