

Chapter 26

Section 1

Guided Reading Questions

1. Serbian expansionist ambitions were aimed chiefly against whom?
2. What Russian aims could be achieved with the success of the Pan-Slavic movement?
3. Why did Britain oppose the expansion of German or Russian influence in the Balkans?
4. Why did Austria oppose a successful nationalist movement in the Balkans?
5. Why did Serbs object to Austrian annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in 1908?
6. What two weaknesses hampered the Pan-Slavic movement?
7. Why were Austro-Russian tensions so dangerous by 1914?

Vocab

Pan-Slavism
Bosporus

Dardanelles
Bosnia & Herzegovina

“powder keg of Europe”

Section 2

Guided Reading Questions

1. What was the spark that set off the “powder keg of Europe” in June 1914?
2. Whose support prompted Austria to issue an ultimatum in July 1914?
3. The threat of world war arose when Serbia gained whose support?
4. On what date did Austria declare war on Serbia?
5. For what two reasons did Nicholas II mobilize his troops?
6. How was Belgium affected by a war between France and Germany?
7. What action brought Britain into the war?

Vocab

Archduke Franz Ferdinand
Sarajevo
Gavrilo Princip
Wilhelm II

Franz Joseph I
“blank check”
ultimatum
mobilization

Nicholas II
neutrality

Section 3**Guided Reading Questions**

1. How many nations were eventually involved in WWI?
2. Why did many people see Germany as the main cause of the war?
3. How did Germany lose much support and sympathy from the world in 1914?
4. What technological advances in weaponry appeared in WWI?
5. What major problems did the Russians face on the Eastern Front?
6. The Battle of Gallipoli was fought over control of what?
7. How did advances in naval technology affect European civilian populations?
8. How did the Russian Revolution affect the development of the war?
9. Name three factors which would tip US public opinion in favor of the Allies.
10. With what slogan did the US President call for a declaration of war against Germany?
11. Why was there a second Russian Revolution in November of 1917?
12. What were the provisions of the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk?
13. What effect did the arrival of the AEF have on the Western Front?
14. When was peace officially established?

Vocab

Allies	propaganda	Bolsheviks
Central Powers	Zimmerman Telegram	Lenin
Western Front	Woodrow Wilson	Treaty of Brest-Litovsk
trench warfare	* freedom of the seas	AEF
Eastern Front	Russian Revolution of March	Fourteen Points
naval blockade	1917	11:11, 11/11/18
unrestricted submarine warfare	Russian Revolution of	
Lusitania	November 1917	

Section 4**Guided Reading Questions**

1. Woodrow Wilson saw creation of what as the most important of his Fourteen Points?
2. What were Wilson's major post-war aims?
3. How were Wilson's goals different from those of Lloyd-George's and Clemenceau?
5. What effect did the creation of a Polish Corridor have on Germany?
6. What four dynasties fell with the end of WWI?
7. What new nations appeared with the end of WWI?
8. How was German nationalism ignored by the Treaty of Versailles?

Vocab

the Big Three	mandates
League of Nations	*reparations
Treaty of Versailles	self-determination
Alsace-Lorraine	
Polish Corridor	