

Chapter 30

Section 1

Guided Reading Questions

1. Why was Chamberlain's promise of "peace in our time" premature?
2. How did Britain react to Hitler's demand for Danzig?
3. Why was Stalin reluctant to join Britain and France against Germany?
4. How did Hitler neutralize the USSR?
5. What did Stalin gain with the non-aggression pact?
6. How did Britain and France react to the Nazi blitzkrieg against Poland?
7. What was the role of the Nazi fifth columnists?
8. By the end of September 1939, what had become of Poland?
9. Why were the opening months of WWII referred to in the west as a "phony war"?
10. Why did Stalin annex territory along his western frontier?
11. How did the Nazis defeat the French Maginot Line?
12. What was the Miracle of Dunkirk?
13. What two factors made France ripe for surrender in 6 weeks?
14. How was France divided by the Nazis?
15. Who were the Maquis?
16. Why did Mussolini declare war in June 1940?
17. Who replaced Chamberlain in May 1940?
18. The Nazis attempted to defeat Britain by using what?
19. What defenses were utilized by England during the Battle of Britain?
20. How did US policy change after the evacuation of Dunkirk?
21. What were the major provisions of the Atlantic Charter?
22. What was Germany's most important weapon in the Battle of the Atlantic?
23. How did the British counter the u-boat threat?
24. Which Balkan nation chose to resist Nazi aggression?
25. What was the prime military objective of the Desert Fox in North Africa?
26. Why did the German general staff oppose Operation Barbarossa?
27. How did the Russians resist the Nazi invaders?
28. What event caused the US to enter the war?

Vocab

Chamberlain
Munich Conference
Nazi-Soviet Pact
September 1, 1939
blitzkrieg
Luftwaffe
Maginot Line

Miracle of Dunkirk
June 22, 1940
Vichy
Charles de Gaulle
Winston Churchill
Battle of Britain
Selective Service Act

Lend-Lease Act
Atlantic Charter
Allied Powers
Axis Powers
*Operation Barbarossa
scorched-earth policy
December 7, 1941

Section 2**Guided Reading Questions**

1. How many countries joined the Allies in 1942?
2. What role did the US fill for its allies?
3. What were the elements of Hitler's "New Order"?
4. What groups suffered most under the hands of the Nazis?
5. What two battles turned the tide of war in the Pacific?
6. What battle turned the tide in Russia?
7. What two commanders defeated Hitler's Afrika Korps?
8. What became of Mussolini in July 1943?
9. Why is October 13, 1943 an important date?
10. Who were the members of the Grand Alliance?
11. Why was Operation Overlord necessary before the war could end?
12. What was Germany's last major offensive in the west?
13. How many victims fell to the Holocaust?
14. What date marks the end of the war in Europe?
15. How did Harry S Truman justify the use of atomic weapons?
16. What date marks the end of the war in the Pacific?

Vocab

"arsenal of democracy"

genocide

Stalingrad

General Eisenhower

Grand Alliance

Operation Overlord

Battle of the Bulge

*Holocaust

*concentration camps

May 8, 1945

August 6, 1945

Hiroshima

August 9, 1945

Nagasaki

Harry S Truman

September 2, 1945